## SAFETY DATA SHEET



# **BESTOLIFE STORAGE COMPOUND**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

#### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : BESTOLIFE STORAGE COMPOUND

SDS-Identcode : 437G

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Bestolife Corporation

Address : 2777 N. Stemmons Frwy Ste 1800

Dallas TX 75207,

Telephone : 855-243-9164/972-865-8961

Telefax : 214-631-3047

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC U.S.: 800-424-9300, International 703-527-3887

(24-hours/7 days)

E-mail address : www.bestolife.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Industrial use

Thread Compound (Pipe Dope) and Jacking grease for use in

Offshore industries

Mining, (without offshore industries)

Restrictions on use : Do not use on oxygen lines or in oxygen enriched

atmospheres.

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**GHS Classification** 

Skin irritation : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

#### Other hazards

None known.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### **Hazardous ingredients**

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naph-	64742-52-5	>= 50 - < 70
thenic		
Limestone	1317-65-3	>= 10 - < 20
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naph-	64742-53-6	>= 5 - < 10
thenic		
Calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate)	57855-77-3	>= 5 - < 10
12-Hydroxy lithium stearate	7620-77-1	>= 5 - < 10
Lithium Hydroxide Monohydrate	1310-66-3	>= 1 - < 5
Stearic acid	57-11-4	>= 1 - < 5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 1 - < 5

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon oxides Metal oxides Sulfur oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

oractice.

. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		ST (Mist)	10 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
Limestone	1317-65-3	TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (respirable fraction)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Res-	5 mg/m3	NIOSH REL



Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015 4.2

		pirable)		
		TWA (total)	10 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		ST (Mist)	10 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
12-Hydroxy lithium stearate	7620-77-1	TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lithium Hydroxide Monohydrate	1310-66-3	CEIL	1 mg/m3	US WEEL
Stearic acid	57-11-4	TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH

### Hazardous components without workplace control parameters

Ingredients	CAS-No.
Calcium	57855-77-3
bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphon	
ate)	

#### **Engineering measures**

: Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Dust formation may be relevant in the processing of this product. In addition to substance-specific OELs, general limitations of concentrations of particulates in the air at workplaces have to be considered in workplace risk assessment. Relevant limits include: OSHA PEL for Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated of 15 mg/m3 - total dust, 5 mg/m3 - respirable fraction; and ACGIH TWA for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified of 3 mg/m3 - respirable particles, 10 mg/m3 - inhalable particles.

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Impervious gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before

breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : Viscous semi-solid

Color : off-white

Odor : Petroleum

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable (not an aqueous solution)

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper explosion limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit : No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : 1.0

Density : No data available



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : negligible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Flow time : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Ingredients:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Limestone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 18 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icitv

**Lithium Hydroxide Monohydrate:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 368 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 09/24/2015

 4.2
 12/08/2015
 117366-00006
 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.15 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Stearic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.1621 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

### **Ingredients:**

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

## Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

### Calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Species: Rabbit Result: Skin irritation

## 12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Lithium Hydroxide Monohydrate:** 

Result: Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

Stearic acid: Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

**Titanium dioxide:** Species: Rabbit

. Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Ingredients:** 

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Lithium Hydroxide Monohydrate:** 

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye Remarks: Based on skin corrosivity.

Stearic acid:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization: Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization: Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Test Type: Buehler Test

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Test Type: Buehler Test

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative

### Calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Result: negative

### 12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: negative

#### **Lithium Hydroxide Monohydrate:**

Test Type: Buehler Test

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Stearic acid:

Test Type: Buehler Test

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

#### Titanium dioxide:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Mouse Result: negative

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Ingredients:

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Lithium Hydroxide Monohydrate:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Stearic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

ment

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

: Petroleum distillates have been classified as not carcinogenic

based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC)

1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

**Ingredients:** 

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Skin contact Exposure time: 78 weeks

Method: OECD Test Guideline 451

Result: negative

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Skin contact Exposure time: 78 weeks

Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 2 Years

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Result: positive

Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute to a dust

inhalation hazard.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with

animals.

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7

OSHA No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcino-

gen by OSHA.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen

by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Ingredients:** 

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

Calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 09/24/2015

 4.2
 12/08/2015
 117366-00006
 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Lithium Hydroxide Monohydrate:** 

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Stearic acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Routes of exposure: Ingestion

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 09/24/2015

 4.2
 12/08/2015
 117366-00006
 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Ingredients:**

## Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: > 0.98 mg/l

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 28 Days

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species: Rabbit NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route: Skin contact Exposure time: 4 Weeks

Method: OECD Test Guideline 410

### Calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Species: Rat NOAEL: 95 mg/kg LOAEL: 298 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 28 Days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

## 12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: > 88 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 90 Days

### **Lithium Hydroxide Monohydrate:**

Species: Rat NOAEL: 84 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 2 yr

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

## Stearic acid:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 42 Days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

### Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: 24,000 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 28 Days

Species: Rat NOAEL: 10 mg/m3



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 2 y

Remarks: The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute

to a dust inhalation hazard.

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Ecotoxicity**

#### Ingredients:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to bacteria : NOEC: > 1.93 mg/l

Exposure time: 10 min

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Limestone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 200 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to algae : NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >=

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to bacteria : NOEC (Photobacterium phosphoreum): > 2.17 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 d

Calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 0.28 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.18 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: 560 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Lithium Hydroxide Monohydrate:** 

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 109 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 33.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 153.44

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 17.35 mg/l

Exposure time: 34 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

'aqualic invertebra

ic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: 180.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Stearic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 4.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.22 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to bacteria : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 883 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

### Persistence and degradability

**Ingredients:** 

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 2 - 4 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 2 - 8 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 17 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 78 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Stearic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 93 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredients:

Stearic acid:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 238 - 288 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Nemarks. Dased on data nom simila

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: > 5

**Mobility in soil**No data available

No data avallable

Other adverse effects

No data available



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 09/24/2015

 4.2
 12/08/2015
 117366-00006
 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **International Regulation**

**UNRTDG** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation** 

**49 CFR** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know**

### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

#### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

SARA 302 : No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting

requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**US State Regulations** 

Pennsylvania Right To Know



Version 4.2	Revision Date: 12/08/2015	SDS Number: 117366-00006		t issue: 09/24/2 t issue: 05/18/2	
	Distillates naphtheni	(petroleum), hydrotrea	ted heavy 6	64742-52-5	50 - 70 %
	Limestone	<b>;</b>	1	317-65-3	10 - 20 %
	Distillates naphtheni	(petroleum), hydrotrea c	ted light 6	64742-53-6	5 - 10 %
	Calcium b	is(dinonylnaphthalenes	sulphonate) 5	7855-77-3	5 - 10 %
	12-Hydrox	systearic acid	1	06-14-9	5 - 10 %
	12-Hydrox	y lithium stearate	7	620-77-1	5 - 10 %
	Titanium o	lioxide	1	3463-67-7	1 - 5 %
New J	ersey Right To Kno	<b>w</b>			
	Distillates naphtheni	(petroleum), hydrotrea c	ted heavy 6	34742-52-5	50 - 70 %
	Limestone	<b>;</b>	1	317-65-3	10 - 20 %
	Distillates naphtheni	(petroleum), hydrotrea c	ted light 6	64742-53-6	5 - 10 %
		is(dinonylnaphthalenes	sulphonate) 5	7855-77-3	5 - 10 %
	12-Hydrox	systearic acid	1	06-14-9	5 - 10 %
	Lithium Hy	droxide Monohydrate	1	310-66-3	1 - 5 %
	Titanium o	lioxide	1	3463-67-7	1 - 5 %
Califo	rnia Prop. 65		is product cont nia to cause ca	ains a chemica ancer.	I known in the

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

Titanium dioxide

Quartz

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

TSCA : All chemical substances in this material are included on or

exempted from listing on the TSCA Inventory of Chemical

13463-67-7

14808-60-7

Substances.

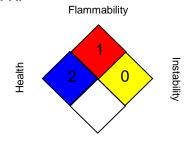


Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

# NFPA:



Special hazard.

#### HMIS III:

HEALTH	3
FLAMMABILITY	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight,

2 = Moderate, 3 = High

4 = Extreme, \* = Chronic

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

NIOSH REL / ST : STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded

at any time during a workday

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

US WEEL / CEIL : Ceiling

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act: CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant: DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Ob-



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/24/2015 4.2 12/08/2015 117366-00006 Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

served (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 12/08/2015

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

US / Z8